

We Claim:

Int. A' 1. A method of treating a patient suffering from viral
5 hemorrhagic fever which comprises, administering to said
patient a pharmaceutically effective amount of protein C.

10 2. The method of Claim 1 wherein the protein C is
human protein C zymogen.

15 3. The method of Claim 1 wherein the protein C is
human activated protein C.

20 4. The method according to Claim 3, wherein the amount
of human activated protein C is about 1 $\mu\text{g/kg/hr}$ to about
96 $\mu\text{g/kg/hr}$.

25 5. The method of Claim 4, wherein the human activated
protein C is administered by continuous infusion for about 1
to about 240 hours.

30 6. A method of treating viral hemorrhagic fever in a
patient in need thereof, which comprises administering to
said patient a pharmaceutically effective amount of
activated protein C such that an activated protein C plasma
level of about 2 ng/ml to about 300 ng/ml is achieved.

7. The method of Claim 6 wherein the activated protein
C is administered in a bolus injection.

8. The method of Claim 6 wherein the activated protein C is administered by continuous infusion for about 1 to about 240 hours.

5 9. The method of Claim 6 wherein the activated protein C is administered first as a bolus then as a continuous infusion.

10 10. The method of Claim 9 wherein one third of the activated protein C required to achieve activated protein C plasma levels in the range of about 2 ng/ml to about 300 ng/ml is administered in a bolus injection followed by continuous infusion of the remaining two thirds of the activated protein C.

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